Atala Riffo and Daughters v. Chile

I. COMPLIANCE AND FOLLOW-UP ADDENDUM¹

February 10, 2017: In its judgment of Atala Riffo and Daughters v. Chile, the Court had decided that the State should provide immediate, adequate, and effective free medical, psychological, or psychiatric care for any of the victims who requested it.² The Court determined that Chile had effectively implemented an agreement with both Ms. Riffo and her daughter M., which incorporated the requirement to provide medical, psychological and psychiatric care.³

Next, the Court recognized that Chile had provided medical benefits to two other victims, V. and R., who were minors at the time of the agreement with Ms. Riffo and M.⁴ The Court highlighted that the agreement included provisions for future medical care for V. and R.⁵ The Court then determined that it no longer had to monitor compliance with this remedy.⁶ However, the Court emphasized that Chile was still required to provide four years of medical care for each victim.⁷

The Court continued monitoring Chile's implementation of the request to create educational and training programs for regional and national public officials and judicial officers on (1) human rights and non-discrimination based on sexual orientation; (2) protecting the LGBTQIA+ community's rights; and (3) not stereotyping based on gender.8 The Court determined that Chile had not complied with this measure.⁹ As a result, the Court declared that it would continue monitoring its compliance.¹⁰

¹ Callie Keller, Author; Jenna Won, Editor; Selene Estrada-Villela, Senior IACHR Editor; Aaron Kircher, Chief IACHR Editor; Cesare Romano, Faculty Advisor.

² Atala Riffo and Daughters v. Chile, Monitoring Compliance with Judgment, Order of the Court, Inter-Am. Ct. H.R. "Whereas" ¶ 1(a) (Feb. 10, 2017). ³ Id. ¶¶ 12, 10.

⁴ Id. ¶ 13.

⁵ Id. ¶¶ 16-18.

⁶ Id.

⁷ Id. ¶ 18.

⁸ Atala Riffo and Daughters v. Chile, Monitoring Compliance with Judgment, Order of the Court, ¶ 19.

⁹ Id. ¶¶ 34-35. ¹⁰ Id. "Resolves" ¶ 2.